Ma140a, Homework 6
Due Friday, November $20^{\mathrm{Th}}$
Collaboration on homework is encouraged, but individually written solutions are required. Also, please name all collaborators and sources of information on each assignment; any such named source may be used.
(1) Let $G=(V, E)$ be an undirected, finite graph: $V$ is finite, and $E \subset V \times V$ satisfies $(v, w) \in E$ iff $(w, v) \in E$. Denote by $d(v)=|\{w:(v, w) \in E\}|$ the degree of $v \in V$. Assume that $G$ is connected.

Let $B \subseteq V$ be some non-empty subset of the vertices, which we will refer to as the boundary of the graph. Consider the Markov chain $X_{1}, X_{2}, \ldots$ with transition matrix $P$ on the state space $V$ given by

$$
P(v, w)= \begin{cases}\frac{1}{d(v)} & \text { if } v \notin B \text { and }(v, w) \in E \\ 1 & \text { if } v \in B \text { and } w=v \\ 0 & \text { otherwise }\end{cases}
$$

That is, on $V \backslash B$ the Markov chain moves to adjacent vertices with equal probabilities, and it stops once it reaches $B$.
(a) Let $T_{B}=\min \left\{n>0: X_{n} \in B\right\}$ be the hitting time to $B$. Prove that it is almost surely finite.
(b) Prove that $f(v)=\mathbb{E}_{v}\left[T_{B}\right]$ is $P$-superharmonic.
(c) Prove that every function $f_{B}: B \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ has a unique extension to a $P$-harmonic $f: V \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$. Hint: use $T_{B}$.
(d) Suppose $B$ consistes of two vertices: $B=\left\{b_{0}, b_{1}\right\}$. Let $f_{B}: B \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be given by $f_{B}\left(b_{0}\right)=0$ and $f_{B}\left(b_{1}\right)=1$. Let $f: V \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be the unique extension of $f_{B}$ to a $P$-harmonic function. Prove that $f(v)=\mathbb{P}_{v}\left[X_{T_{B}}=b_{1}\right]$. That is, that $f(v)$ is the probability that the Markov chain that starts at $v$ hits the boundary at $b_{1}$, rather than at $b_{0}$.
(e) Let $K, L$ be two positive integers. A gambler arrives at a casino with $K$ dollars in her pocket. She plays until she runs out of money, or until she has $K+L$ dollars in her

[^0]pocket. At each game she either loses a dollar or gains a dollar, each with probability $1 / 2$. What is the probability that she leaves the casino with $K+L$ dollars?
(2) Let $X$ be a random variable with $\mathbb{E}[X]=\mu$ and $\operatorname{Var}(X)=$ $\sigma^{2}<\infty$. Assume that $x$ is non-atomic, i.e., $\mathbb{P}[X=x]=0$ for all $x \in \mathbb{R}$. Equivalently, the cumulative distribution function $F_{X}(x)=\mathbb{P}[X \leq x]$ continous. The median of $X$ is the unique $m \in \mathbb{R}$ such that $F_{X}(m)=1 / 2$. Show that $|\mu-m| \leq \sigma$ : the median is at most one standard deviation away from the mean.


[^0]:    Omer Tamuz. Email: tamuz@caltech.edu.

